

Stony Brook
STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK
MAT 122 Midterm I – Week of March 14, 2011

Score
Section I: _____
Section II: _____
Total off: _____
Percent: _____

KEY

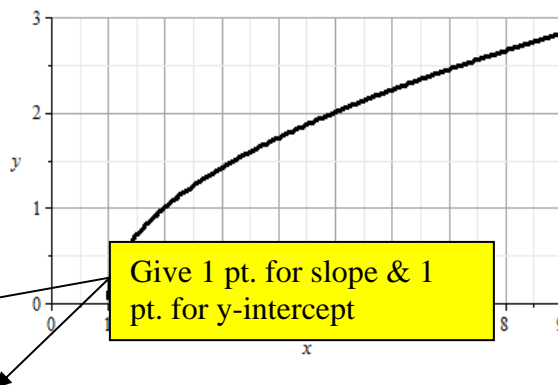
Last Name: _____ First Name: _____ Recitation: R_____

Section I: Write the answers to the following questions in the spaces provided. Little or no partial credit will be given. [2 points each].

1. 1 In the graph at the right, find $f(2)$

2. 3 If $f(x) = \ln(x) + 1$ find $f(e^2)$.

3. $y = 1/2 x + 1$ Write an equation of the line through the points (2, 2) and (4, 3). Leave your answer in “y =” form.



4. Slope:3/2 y int:-3 Determine the *slope* and *y-intercept* of the line whose equation is $3x - 2y = 6$

5. 4 Find the *average rate of change* of the function $g(x) = x^3$ over the interval $x = 0$ to $x = 2$

6. 2.43 Water is being circulated through a filter system. The number of grams of contaminant remaining in the pipe after t hours is given by the equation $d(t) = 200(.23)^t$ How many grams remain after 3 hours? Give your answer correct to the nearest hundredth.

7. 2.322 Solve the equation $2^x = 5$ for x and leave the answer correct to the nearest thousandth.

8. \$6993.31 If \$4,200 is invested in an account paying 4% compounded annually, how much is in the account at the end of 13 years, to the nearest cent

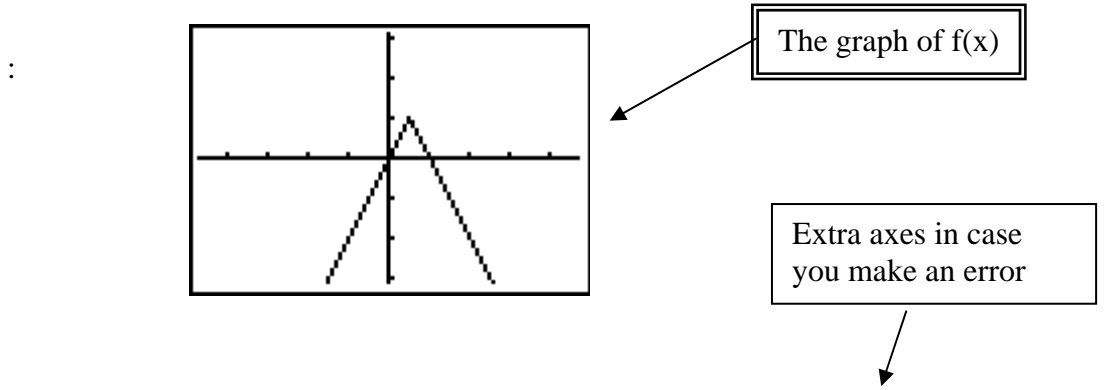
9. \$7064.52 If \$4,200 is invested in an account paying 4% compounded continuously, how much is in the account at the end of 13 years, to the nearest cent

10. $3^2 = k$ Write in *exponential form*: $2 = \log_3 k$

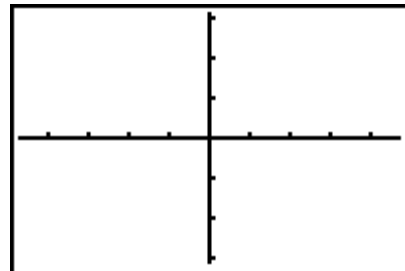
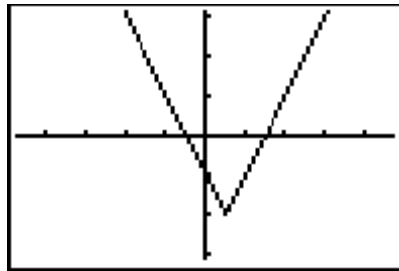
11. $x = \ln 5$ Write in *log form*: $5 = e^x$

12. $3x - 18x^2$ If $f(x) = x - 2x^2$ and $g(x) = 3x$ find an equation for the function $(f \circ g)(x)$. Simplify your answer.

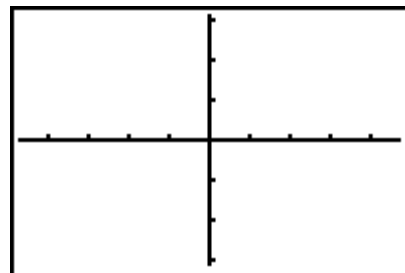
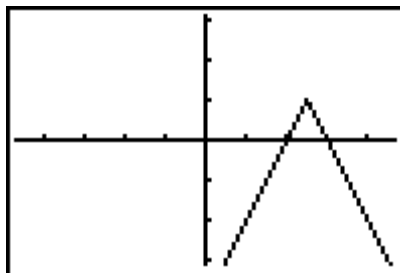
Directions: For questions 13, 14 and 15 sketch the function specified on the given axes based on the graph of $f(x)$ given below.



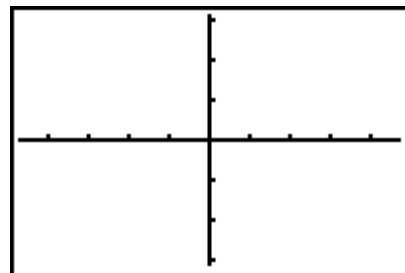
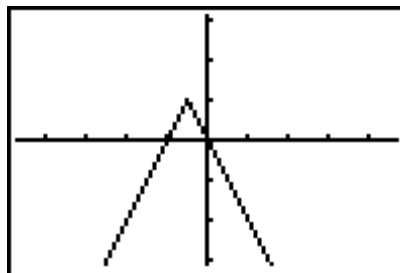
13. $-f(x) - 1$



14. $f(x - 2)$



15. $f(-x)$



Section II: Answer each question in the space provided. Show all work not done on the calculator. Circle your final answer. [10 points for each part, a) and b)]

16. Below is a table showing the values of three functions $y_1(x)$, $y_2(x)$ and $y_3(x)$. One is *linear*, one is *exponential* and one is neither. Answer the questions below for each function.

X	Y ₁	Y ₂	Y ₃
0.0000	4.0000	0.0000	1.0000
1.0000	2.4000	.6931	1.7500
2.0000	1.4400	1.0986	2.5000
3.0000	.8640	1.3863	3.2500
4.0000	.5184	1.6094	4.0000
5.0000	.3110	1.7918	4.7500
6.0000	.1866	1.9459	5.5000

This should say

[5 points for each part, a, b, c and d)]

a) Which function is *linear*? Why? What is its equation?

Y3 because equal steps (increments) in x yield equal steps (increments) in y
 $m = .75$ (They might be able to see this from the table without showing work.)
 $y = .75x + 1$

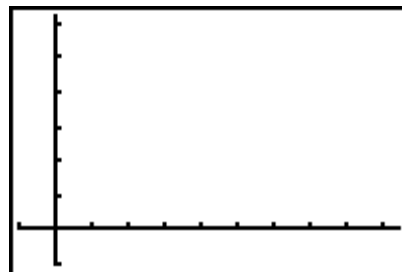
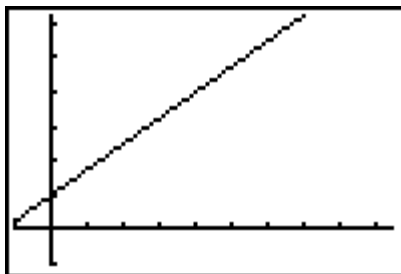
b) Draw its graph on the axes below using the given window.

```

WINDOW
Xmin=-1
Xmax=9.4
Xscl=1
Ymin=-1
Ymax=6.2
Yscl=1
Xres=█
    
```

Take off points for inaccurate graphs. Slope and y-intercept should be approximately correct.

Extra grid



c) Which function is *exponential*? Why? What is its equation?

Y1 because equal steps (increments) in x produce equal ratios in y

e.g. $\frac{2.4}{4} = .6, \frac{1.44}{2.4} = .6$ etc. $\Rightarrow a = .6$ in $y = y_0 a^x$ (or equivalent)

From table $y_0 = 4 \Rightarrow y = y(.6)^x$

d) Draw its graph on the axes below using the given window.

Take off points for inaccurate graphs. The y-intercept and shape should be approximately correct.

```
WINDOW
Xmin=-1
Xmax=9.4
Xscl=1
Ymin=-1
Ymax=6.2
Yscl=1
Xres=■
```

